Postinfectious ocular flutter
Michael Waisbourd and Anat Kesler
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A 31-year-old pregnant woman presented 1 week after an upper respiratory tract infection with rapid, conjugated periodic ocular oscillations, occurring in horizontal bursts (see the video on the Neurology® Web site at www.neurology.org) and truncal ataxia. After 14 weeks, all signs resolved without treatment.

Postinfectious ocular flutter and truncal ataxia is a rare entity previously described after infections with enterovirus, mumps, cytomegalovirus, and HIV. Recently, an association with the ganglioside antibody anti-GQ1b was suggested, supporting an autoimmune pathogenesis. The course of the disease is usually benign with spontaneous resolution.

Michael Waisbourd, MD, and Anat Kesler, MD, Tel Aviv, Israel

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Address correspondence and reprint requests to Dr. Michael Waisbourd, Department of Ophthalmology, Tel Aviv Sourasky Medical Center, 6 Weizmann Street, Tel Aviv 64239, Israel; mwaisbourd@hotmail.com

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